

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Introduced 01/07/14 Amended 02/11/15

Name of entity

AHALife Holdings Limited

ABN / ARBN

15 006 908 701

Financial year ended:

30 June 2019

Our corporate governance statement² for the above period above can be found at:³

- These pages of our annual report:
- This URL on our website: www.ahalifeholdings.com.au/corporate-governance-and-corporate-directory/

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 30 September 2019 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: 30 September 2019

Name of Director or Secretary authorising lodgement: Andrew Whitten, Company Secretary

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement ... and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in the Company's 2019 Annual Report	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
1.5	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</p> <p>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:</p> <p>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.6	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement ... and the information referred to in paragraph (b): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement ... and the information referred to in paragraph (b): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE			
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	<p>... the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
2.2	<p>A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.</p>		<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
2.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) the length of service of each director.</p>	<p>... the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>... and the length of service of each director:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING			
4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	<p>... the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
4.2	<p>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</p>	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	
4.3	<p>A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.</p>	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	... information about us and our governance on our website: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> at http://www.ahalifeholdings.com.au	
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<p>... the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>		<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</p>		<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	... whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	<p>... the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
8.2	<p>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</p>	<p>... separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in the Company's 2019 Annual Report</p>	
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>		<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

2019 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This corporate governance statement sets out AHALife Holdings Limited's (**Company**) current compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**ASX Principles and Recommendations**). The ASX Principles and Recommendations are not mandatory. However, this corporate governance statement discloses the extent to which the Company has followed the ASX Principles and Recommendations. This corporate governance statement is current as at 30 September 2019 and has been approved by the board of the Company (**Board**).

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
1. Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1. A listed entity should disclose: (a) <i>the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and</i> (b) <i>those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.</i>	Yes	<p>The Board is responsible for corporate governance of the Company. The Board develops strategies for the Company, reviews strategic objectives and monitors performance against those objectives. The goals of the corporate governance processes are to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> maintain and increase Shareholder value; ensure a prudential and ethical basis for the Company's conduct and activities; and ensure compliance with the Company's legal and regulatory objectives. <p>Consistent with these goals, the Board assumes the following responsibilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> developing initiatives for profit and asset growth; reviewing the corporate, commercial and financial performance of the Company on a regular basis; acting on behalf of, and being accountable to, the Shareholders; and identifying business risks and implementing actions to manage those risks and corporate systems to assure quality. <p>The Company is committed to the circulation of relevant materials to directors in a timely manner to facilitate directors' participation in Board discussions on a fully-informed basis.</p> <p>It is expected that the division of responsibility of the Board and senior executives (once appointed) will vary with the evolution of the Company. The Company intends to regularly review the balance of responsibilities to ensure that the division of functions remains appropriate to the needs of the Company.</p>

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<p>1.2. <i>A listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and</i></p> <p>(b) <i>provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.</i></p>	Yes	<p>The Company undertakes background checks with regards to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history prior to nomination for election as a director. Any material adverse information revealed by these checks is released to securityholders prior to Company's meeting of shareholders at which they are able to be elected.</p> <p>When an individual is nominated to be a director, their curriculum vitae with their relevant professional history and qualifications is circulated to the securityholders in the Company.</p>
<p>1.3. <i>A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.</i></p>	Yes	<p>Directors are given letters of appointment and/or service agreements, and senior executives are given employment contracts setting out the terms of their appointment. These set out the relevant terms by which they will be involved in the Company.</p>
<p>1.4. <i>The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.</i></p>	Yes	<p>The company secretary position is directly accountable to the Board on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.</p>
<p>1.5. <i>A listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</i></p> <p>(b) <i>disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</i></p> <p>(c) <i>disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:</i></p> <p>(1) <i>the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</i></p> <p>(2) <i>if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality</i></p>	<p>Yes</p> <p>No</p> <p>No</p> <p>No</p>	<p>The Company adopted a diversity policy in November 2015 as it recognises that a commitment to achieving greater gender and multicultural diversity is essential for enabling the Company to attract and retain employees with the best skills and abilities.</p> <p>The Board, however, has not developed any measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and their annual assessment. As at the date of this statement, the measurable objectives of the diversity policy are being developed by the Board.</p>

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<i>Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</i>		
<p>1.6. <i>A listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</i></p> <p>(b) <i>disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</i></p>	Yes	The performance of the Board as a group and individual directors will be assessed each year for all future years. In particular, all directors seeking re-election at an annual general meeting will be subject to a formal performance appraisal to determine whether the Board recommends their re-election to shareholders.
<p>1.7. <i>A listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</i></p> <p>(b) <i>disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</i></p>	Yes	The Board and senior management team intend to regularly review the performance of its senior executives and address any issues that may emerge.
<p>(b) <i>disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</i></p>	Yes	The Company did not undertake a formal performance appraisal during the reporting period.
2. Structure the board to add value		
<p>2.1. <i>The board of a listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have a nomination committee which:</i></p> <p>(1) <i>has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</i></p> <p>(2) <i>is chaired by an independent director,</i></p> <p><i>and disclose:</i></p> <p>(3) <i>the charter of the committee;</i></p> <p>(4) <i>the members of the committee; and</i></p> <p>(5) <i>as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings;</i></p> <p><i>or</i></p> <p>(b) <i>if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to</i></p>	No	<p>Although the Company adopted a remuneration and nomination committee charter in November 2015, no formal nomination committee for the identification, appointment and review of the Board membership in the reporting period was implemented by the Board.</p> <p>In the absence of a formal committee, the Board undertakes the role of identifying, appointing and reviewing potential Board appointments. The Board will continue to evaluate the need to establish a formal committee in the next reporting period.</p>
<p>(b) <i>if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to</i></p>	Yes	

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<i>enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</i>		
2.2. <i>A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.</i>	No	The Board strives to ensure that it is comprised of directors with a blend of skills, experience and attributes appropriate to the Company and its business. The principle criterion for the appointment of new directors is their ability to add value to the Company and its business. The Board is in the process of completing the Board skills matrix.
2.3. <i>A listed entity should disclose:</i> <i>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</i> <i>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</i> <i>(c) the length of service of each director.</i>	Yes	The Board has reviewed the position and associations of each of the directors and has determined that they were not independent during the reporting period. The Company will continually evaluate whether it will be appropriate to consider additional independent directors as the business evolves and expands. In terms of length of service, Messrs Mike Hill and Michael Everett were appointed on 17 January 2014, Mr Christopher Colfer was appointed on 24 March 2016 and Mr Arnaud Massenet was appointed on 2 October 2017.
2.4. <i>A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.</i>	No	For the reporting period, a majority of the Board was not independent. The Company will continually evaluate whether it will be appropriate to consider additional Independent directors as the business evolves and expands.
2.5. <i>The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.</i>	No	The Board's Chairman during the reporting period was Mr Michael (Mike) Hill. Mr Hill did not satisfy the ASX Principles and Recommendations' definition of an independent director. The Board's Chairman is not the same person as the CEO of the Company.
2.6. <i>A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.</i>	Yes	The Company takes care in ensuring that Directors will be able to effectively manage and govern the Company before their nomination as potential Directors. It has not been deemed necessary to devote resources towards ensuring that Directors have the sufficient skills to fulfil their role appropriately.
3. Promote ethical and responsible decision-making		
3.1. <i>A listed entity should:</i> <i>(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and</i> <i>(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.</i>	Yes	The Company adopted a formal code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees in November 2015.
	No	
4. Safeguard integrity in financial reporting		
4.1. <i>The board of a listed entity should:</i> <i>(a) have an audit committee which:</i>		The Company has a separately constituted audit and risk committee pursuant to a charter that was adopted in

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<p>(1) <i>has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</i></p> <p>(2) <i>is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:</i></p> <p>(3) <i>the charter of the committee;</i></p> <p>(4) <i>the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</i></p> <p>(5) <i>in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</i></p> <p>(b) <i>if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</i></p>	<p>No</p> <p>No</p> <p>No</p> <p>Yes</p> <p>Yes</p> <p>N/A</p>	<p>November 2015. The committee has four members and is chaired by a non-executive director who is not independent. As the Company continues to develop, the Board will consider inviting additional members to the committee and changing the composition so that the chair is an independent director.</p> <p>The audit and risk committee charter outlines key areas of responsibility for the committee, outlining its responsibility for the oversight of the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing, financial reporting and operational risks of the Company. The Company plans to upload a copy of the charter to its website in the next reporting period.</p> <p>Qualifications of the members and number of meetings held is set out in the annual report.</p>
<p>4.2. <i>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The Board received a declaration from its CEO and CFO before it approved the Company's financial statements for all financial periods in the reporting period.</p>
<p>4.3. <i>A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>An external auditor will be present at the AGM and be available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.</p>
<p>5. Make timely and balanced disclosure</p>		
<p>5.1. <i>A listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The Company adopted a formal written policy in November 2015 for complying with its continuous disclosure requirements under the ASX Listing Rules.</p>

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<i>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</i>	No	
6. Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1. <i>A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.</i>	Yes	The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors via its corporate website, www.ahalifeholdings.com.au .
6.2. <i>A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.</i>	Yes	The Company has designed and implemented an investor relations program. Investors are encouraged in ASX announcements to contact AHA Investor Relations at IR@ahalife.com . In addition, the Company has adopted a shareholders communications policy in November 2015.
6.3. <i>A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.</i>	No	The Company did not find it necessary during the reporting period to create a formal policy to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders. However, the Company notes that security holders are welcome to attend any of its general meetings.
6.4. <i>A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.</i>	Yes	The Company encourages security holders to register for receipt of communications from the Company electronically.
7. Recognise and manage risk		
7.1. <i>The Board of a listed entity should:</i>		
<i>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</i>		
<i>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</i>	No	The Company has a separately constituted audit and risk committee pursuant to a charter that was adopted in November 2015. The committee has four members and is chaired by a non-executive director who is not independent. As the Company continues to develop, the Board will consider inviting additional members to the committee and changing the composition so that the chair is an independent director. The audit and risk committee charter outlines key areas of responsibility for the committee, outlining its responsibility for the oversight of the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing, financial reporting and operational risks of the Company. Qualifications of the members and number of meetings held is set out in the annual report.
<i>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</i>	No	
<i>(3) the charter of the committee;</i>	No	
<i>(4) the members of the committee; and</i>	Yes	
<i>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</i>	Yes	
<i>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</i>	N/A	
7.2. <i>The board or a committee of the board should:</i>	No	Although the Company does have a separately constituted audit and risk committee, a review of the Company's risk

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<p>(a) <i>review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</i></p> <p>(b) <i>disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</i></p>		management framework did not take place in the reporting period.
<p>7.3. <i>A listed entity should disclose:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</i></p> <p>(b) <i>if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</i></p>	No	The Company did not have an internal audit function during the reporting period, and did not disclose the processes it used to improve risk management. Nonetheless, it remains committed to effective management and control of these factors.
<p>7.4. <i>A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</i></p>	Yes	All material risks were announced to the market, in accordance with its continuous and other disclosure obligations pursuant to the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).
8. Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
<p>8.1. <i>The Board of a listed entity should:</i></p> <p>(a) <i>have a remuneration committee which:</i></p> <p>(1) <i>has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</i></p> <p>(2) <i>is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</i></p> <p>(3) <i>the charter of the committee;</i></p> <p>(4) <i>the members of the committee; and</i></p> <p>(5) <i>as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</i></p>	No	Although the Company adopted a remuneration and nomination committee charter in November 2015, no formal remuneration committee for the review of remuneration in the reporting period was implemented by the Board.
<p>(b) <i>if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring</i></p>	Yes	In the absence of a formal committee, the Board undertakes the role of reviewing the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives. The Board will continue to evaluate the need to establish a formal committee in the next reporting period.

ASX Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
<i>that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</i>		
8.2. <i>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</i>	Yes	The Company discloses its remuneration policy in its annual report.
8.3. <i>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</i> (a) <i>have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</i> (b) <i>disclose that policy or a summary of it.</i>	No	Although the Company did not have a formal policy during the reporting period, the Company had a securities trading policy that restricted the trading of the Company's securities by those who have interests in equity-based remuneration.